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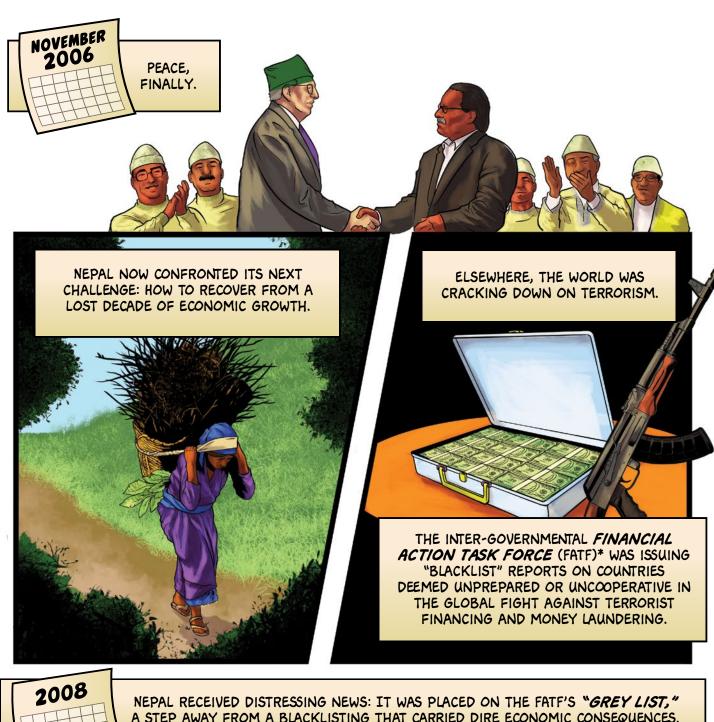
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INTO AND OUT OF THE GREY NEPAL. HIMALAYAN NATION WITH DEEP HISTORY AND CULTURE.

NEPAL: DEFENDING AGAINST MONEY LAUNDERING

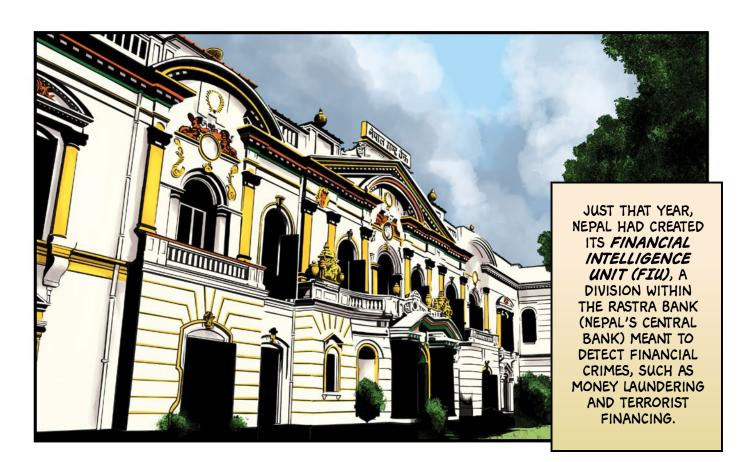


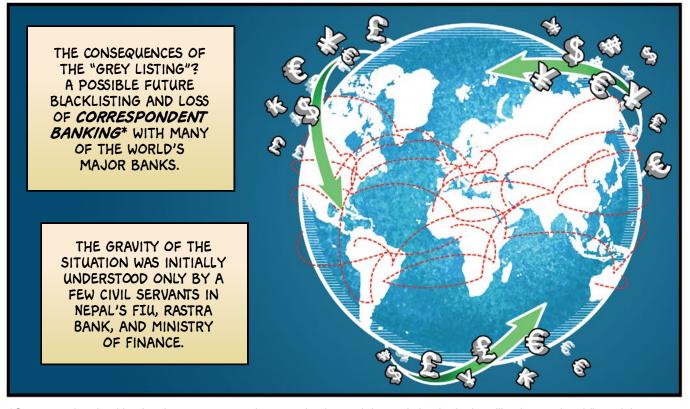






^{*} Established by the 1989 G-7 Summit in Paris, the FATF and its affiliates monitor countries' safeguards against money laundering and terrorist financing, and identify vulnerabilities for misuse of the international financial system.





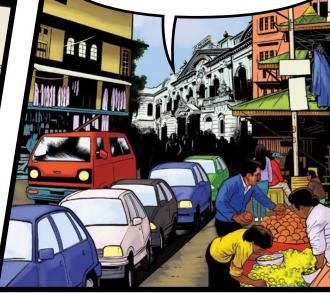
^{*}Correspondent banking involves agreements between foreign and domestic banks for handling international financial transactions and currency exchanges for customers.

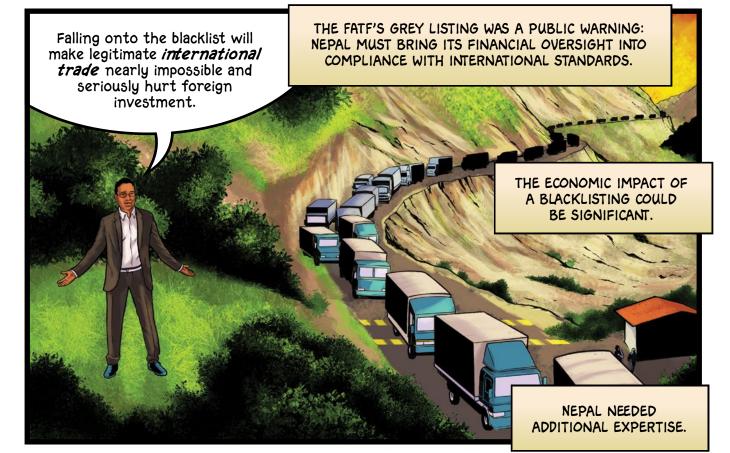
RISHIKESH BHATTA, FORMER FIU HEAD

This is bad. Losing our ability to engage in correspondent banking means we will lose access to essential goods. Prices will rise, hurting living standards.



We import more than 80 percent of our goods....Most of our everyday needs, basic food items, fuel, cars... all of this import activity is channeled through foreign banks.









2009

NEPAL'S FIU SUBMITTED A FORMAL REQUEST TO THE IMF, WHICH HAD A SPECIAL DONOR-BACKED FUND DEDICATED TO HELPING MEMBER COUNTRIES IMPROVE THEIR ABILITY TO FIGHT MONEY LAUNDERING AND TERRORISM FINANCING.







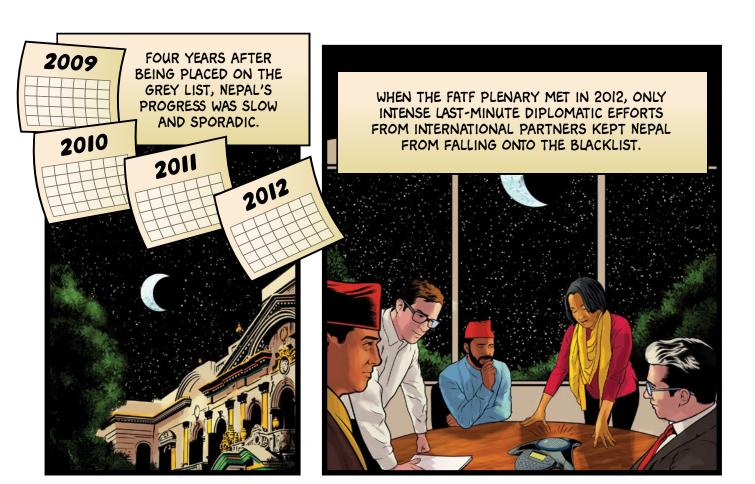
EVENTUALLY THE SECRETARY OF FINANCE AND CENTRAL BANK GOVERNOR GAINED APPROVAL FROM THE CABINET FOR A PLAN CO-DEVELOPED BY THE RASTRA BANK, THE FIU, AND THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE WITH HELP FROM THE IMF.



WORK PROCEEDED IN FOUR AREAS: (1) DEVELOPING A NATIONAL STRATEGY, (2) DRAFTING NEW LAWS, (3) STRENGTHENING THE FIU, AND (4) DEVELOPING A "RISK-BASED" APPROACH TO SUPERVISION.

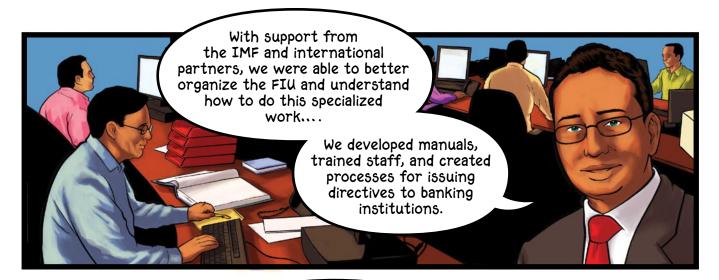


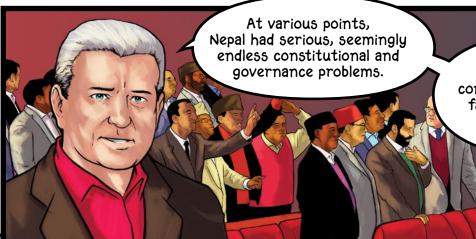
They will serve as the foundation needed to build everything else. It's complex and can take years. Having to write new laws from scratch takes resources and time.











NEPAL

They were really dealing with many constraints while juggling the fact that they were facing international scrutiny.

THE NEXT PRIORITY: STRENGTHENING THE FIU.

TO HELP IT MEET
INTERNATIONAL
STANDARDS, THE
FIU REVAMPED ITS
MANAGEMENT AND
SUPERVISION STRUCTURE
AND ACQUIRED THE
NECESSARY AUTONOMY.



JUNE 2014

FINALLY, RECOGNIZING THE PROGRESS MADE, THE FATF REMOVED NEPAL FROM ITS GREY LIST.

NEXT NEPAL'S
FIU NEEDED
TO JOIN ITS
PEERS AND
SEEK MEMBERSHIP IN THE
EGMONT
GROUP.*

Membership in the Egmont Group is not automatic. We had to work hard together to help the Nepal FIU meet membership standards. Membership brought them into the international fold with other FIUs, which was really important. It opens up a world of information that they otherwise wouldn't have access to.

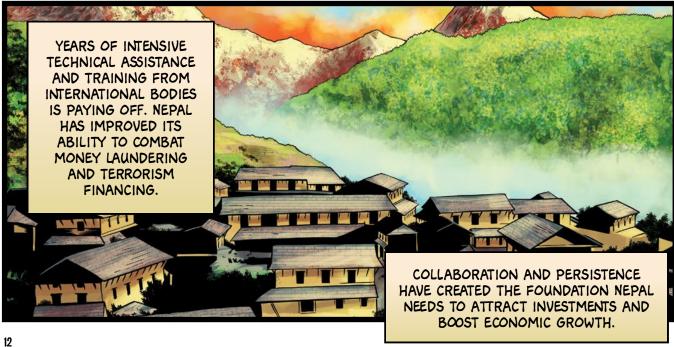


* An organization of 155 FIUs that facilitates the exchange of expertise and financial intelligence to combat money laundering and terrorist financing.









THE TEAM

The IMF's Anti-Money Laundering/Combating the Financing of Terrorism (AML/CFT) thematic fund helps member countries improve their ability to fight money laundering and terrorist financing.

Partners who supported this effort with Nepal included: Switzerland, Norway, Canada, United Kingdom, Japan, Qatar, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Korea, and France. The thematic fund now continues the IMF's work in helping other member countries fight money laundering and terrorist financing.

This partnership between Nepal and the international community was a significant, multi-year effort with team members from around the world. Some of them include:

NEPAL

- Dr. Yuba Raj Khatiwada, Minister for Finance and former Governor of Nepal Rastra Bank
- Mr. Krishnahari Baskota, Chief Information Commissioner, Information Commission of Nepal, former Finance Secretary
- Mr. Bhesh Raj Sharma, Vice Chairman, Nepal Law Commission, former Law and Justice Secretary
- Mr. Maha Prasad Adhikari, CEO, Investment Board of Nepal, former Deputy Governor of Nepal Rastra Bank
- Mr. Tek Prasad Dhungana, Justice, High Court, Nepal, former Law and Justice Secretary
- Dr. Shant Raj Subedi, former Finance Secretary
- Mr. Durga Prasad Dhungel, District Judge, Nepal, former Law and Justice Under-Secretary
- Mr. Mukunda Mahat, Director, Nepal Rastra Bank and former Financial Intelligence Unit Head, Supervisor and Regulator
- Mr. Rishikesh Bhatta, Director, Nepal Rastra Bank and former Financial Intelligence Unit Head, Supervisor and Regulator
- Mr. Dharma Raj Sapkota, former Financial Intelligence Unit Head
- Mr. Bashu Dev Bhattarai, Deputy Director, Financial Intelligence Unit, Nepal Rastra Bank
- Mr. Hari Kumar Nepal, AML Cell, Ministry of Finance/Deputy Director, Financial Intelligence Unit, Nepal Rastra Bank
- Members of Nepal's Legal and Supervisory working groups

IMF STAFF

- Mr. Jody Myers, former Assistant General Counsel
- Mr. Matthew Byrne, Senior Counsel
- Ms. Cecilia Marian, Senior Counsel
- Mr. Patrick O'Sullivan, Senior Financial Sector Expert
- Mr. Francisco R. Figueroa, Senior Financial Sector Expert
- Mr. Clive Scott, Regional Advisor in AML/CFT for Asia Pacific
- Mr. Arz El Murr, Financial Sector Expert
- Mr. Andrew Milford, Consultant, Financial Sector Expert (Supervision)
- Mr. Horst Intscher, Consultant, Financial Sector Expert (Financial Intelligence Unit)

IMF CAPACITY DEVELOPMENT

This story is based on actual events in Nepal. It demonstrates the vital role of economic institutions—such as central banks, finance ministries, tax and customs authorities, statistics agencies, and financial regulators—in the development of a country.

Effective economic institutions design policies that enable economic stability and improved growth in a country. That is why, for more than 50 years, the International Monetary Fund (IMF) has been working with countries to strengthen these institutions by providing technical assistance and training on economic issues.

Such capacity development efforts by the IMF enable countries to:

- Raise public revenue and effectively manage expenditure, so they can make greater investments in infrastructure and social protection.
- Modernize their banking supervision and financial systems to improve economic stability and trade.
- Align legal and governance frameworks to international standards so they can develop sound financial reforms, combat corruption, and money laundering.
- Enhance the compilation and reporting of macroeconomic data, which provides a more
 accurate understanding of the economy, helps formulate informed policies, and increases
 transparency.
- Improve economic analysis and forecasting.

Capacity development is a core function of the IMF and accounts for 28 percent of its budget. But the IMF is not doing this alone: Japan, European Union, Switzerland, United Kingdom, Canada, and other countries and multilateral institutions help finance roughly half of the IMF's capacity development efforts around the world.

To learn more about capacity development and to explore other real-life stories of how government officials, the IMF, and partners worked together to tackle pressing economic challenges, visit www.imf.org/capacitydevelopment.

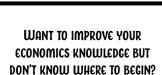
Join the conversation on capacity development issues.



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THE IMF ALSO OFFERS FREE
ONLINE TRAINING IN MACROECONOMICS AND FINANCE TO
THE PUBLIC. SIGN UP AT:
WWW.IMF.ORG/MOOCS

IMF REGIONAL CAPACITY DEVELOPMENT CENTERS

The IMF's network of regional centers coordinates much of its capacity development delivery on the ground. Tailored to each region's priorities, the centers work closely with member countries and development partners, and respond quickly to emerging needs.



CARIBBEAN REGIONAL TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE CENTER, BARBADOS CENTRAL AMERICA, PANAMA AND THE DOMINICAN REPUBLIC RTAC, GUATEMALA

CAST AFRITAC, TANZANIA
AFRITAC WEST, CÔTE D'IVOIRE
AFRITAC CENTRAL, GABON
AFRITAC SOUTH, MAURITIUS
AFRITAC WEST 2, GHANA
AFRICA TRAINING INSTITUTE. MAURITIUS

JOINT VIENNA INSTITUTE. AUSTRIA

MIDDLE EAST RTAC, LEBANON
MIDDLE EAST CENTER FOR ECONOMICS AND
FINANCE. KUWAIT

PACIFIC FINANCIAL TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE CENTER, FIJI
THE IMF-SINGAPORE TRAINING INSTITUTE
THE IMF TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE OFFICE IN THAILAND
SOUTH ASIA REGIONAL TRAINING AND TECHNICAL
ASSISTANCE CENTER, INDIA
CHINA-IMF CAPACITY DEVELOPMENT CENTER

"This partnership has been of substantial value to Nepal.

We have arrived at a stage of sound AML/CFT (anti-money laundering/combating the financing of terrorism) legal, regulatory and enforcement frameworks as well as have come out of the FATF (Financial Action Task Force) monitoring process. The credit of this achievement primarily goes to our international team, IMF and development partners."

Dr. Chiranjibi Nepal Governor Nepal Rastra Bank

ABOUT THE INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND

The IMF is an organization of 189 countries working to foster global monetary cooperation, secure financial stability, facilitate international trade, promote high employment and sustainable economic growth, and reduce poverty around the world.

ABOUT THE AUTHORS

Joe Procopio is an award-winning publisher who currently works in the Communications Department at the International Monetary Fund.

Amit Khetarpaul has been pushing the boundaries of communications around the world for more than 20 years—and is now doing so at the International Monetary Fund.

Steve Conley is co-founder of Eureka Comics which produces educational comics and graphic novels for learning and literacy.

Rick Veitch is the author/illustrator of over 30 graphic novels and co-founder of Eureka Comics.

Special thanks to **Matthew Byrne**, **Cecilia Marian** and **Patrick O'Sullivan** from the IMF's Legal Department and to **Jeff Hayden** as the IMF's Publisher for helping bring this project to life.

